Triacs BT136 series

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

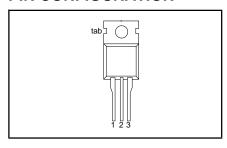
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
	BT136- BT136- BT136-	500 500F 500G	600 600F 600G	800 800F 800G	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state	500	600	800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	voltages RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	4 25	4 25	4 25	A A

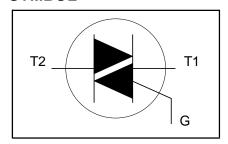
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.		MAX.		UNIT
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	-500 500 ¹	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	\ \
$I_{T(RMS)} \\ I_{TSM}$	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \le 107 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ full sine wave; $T_{j} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ prior to surge	-		4		А
		t = 20 ms t = 16.7 ms	-		25 27		A A
l ² t dl _⊤ /dt	I ² t for fusing Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after	t = 10 ms $I_{TM} = 6 \text{ A}; I_{G} = 0.2 \text{ A};$ $dI_{G}/dt = 0.2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-		3.1		A A ² s
	triggering	T2+ G+ T2+ G- T2- G-	-		50 50 50		Α/μs Α/μs Α/μs
	Dook goto gurrant	T2- G+	-		10		A/μs
$V_{\rm GM} \ P_{\rm GM}$	Peak gate current Peak gate voltage Peak gate power		- - -		2 5 5		V W
P _{G(AV)} T _{stg} T _j	Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	over any 20 ms period	- -40 -		0.5 150 125		ο̈́ο

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 3 A/µs.

Triacs BT136 series

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
R _{th j-mb}	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base	full cycle half cycle			3.0 3.7	K/W K/W
$R_{th j-a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	in free air	-	60	-	K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			UNIT
	Cata trigger current	BT136- $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$				F	G	
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	T2+ G+	-	5	35	25	50	mĄ
		T2+ G- T2- G-	-	8 11	35 35	25 25	50 50	mA mA
	Latching current	T_2 - G+ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	30	70	70	100	mA
		T2+ G+ T2+ G-	-	7 16	20 30	20 30	30 45	mA mA
		T2- G-	-	5 7	20	20	30	mA
I _H	Holding current	T_2 - G+ $V_D = 12 V; I_{GT} = 0.1 A$	-	5	30 15	30 15	45 30	mA mA
V_{T}	On-state voltage Gate trigger voltage	$I_T = 5 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	1.4 0.7		1.70 1.5		V
I _D	Off-state leakage current	$V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A};$ $T_i = 125 \text{ °C}$ $V_D = V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_i = 125 \text{ °C}$	0.25 -	0.4		0.5		V mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.		TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV _D /dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	BT136- $V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_i = 125 °C;$ exponential	 100	F 50	G 200	250	-	V/μs
dV _{com} /dt	Critical rate of change of commutating voltage	waveform; gate open circuit $V_{DM} = 400 \text{ V}; T_j = 95 ^{\circ}\text{C};$ $I_{T(RMS)} = 4 \text{ A};$ $dI_{com}/dt = 1.8 \text{ A/ms}; gate$	-	-	10	50	-	V/μs
t _{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	open circuit $I_{TM} = 6 \text{ A}; V_D = V_{DRM(max)};$ $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}; dI_G/dt = 5 \text{ A}/\mu s$	-	-	1	2	1	μs



Triacs BT136 series

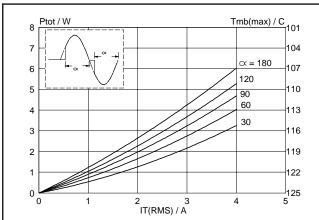


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where $\alpha =$ conduction angle.

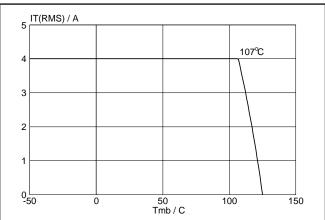


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

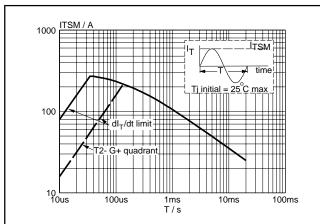


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \le 20$ ms.

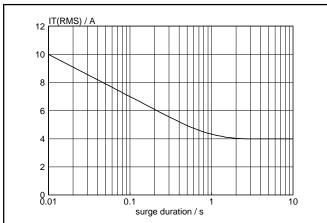


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz; $T_{mb} \le 107$ °C.

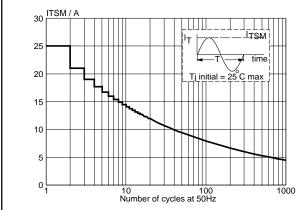


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz.

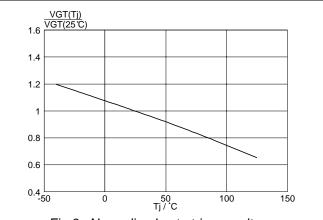
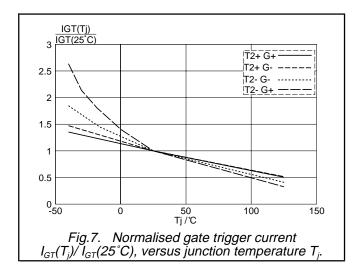
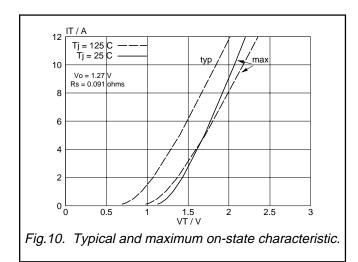
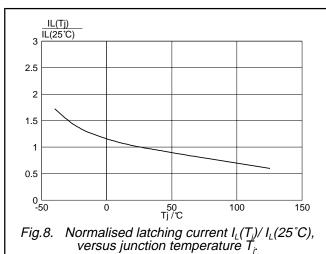


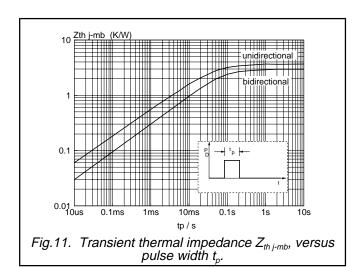
Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25\,^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

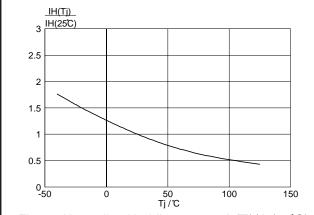
Triacs BT136 series











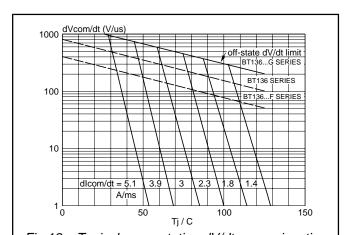
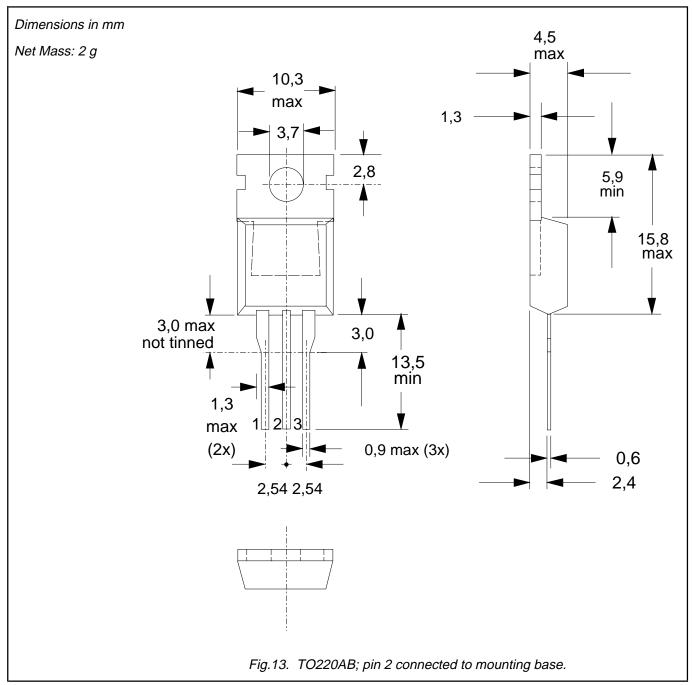


Fig.9. Normalised holding current $I_H(T_i)/I_H(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

Fig.12. Typical commutation dV/dt versus junction temperature, parameter commutation dl_{7}/dt . The triac should commutate when the dV/dt is below the value on the appropriate curve for pre-commutation dl_{7}/dt .

BT136 series **Triacs**

MECHANICAL DATA



- Refer to mounting instructions for TO220 envelopes.
 Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

www.samelectrlc.ru

Triacs BT136 series

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.

Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

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Triacs BT137 series

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

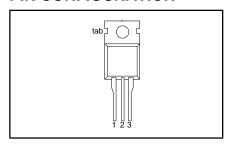
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
	BT137- BT137- BT137-	500 500F 500G	600 600F 600G	800 800F 800G	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state	500	600	800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	voltages RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	8 55	8 55	8 55	A A

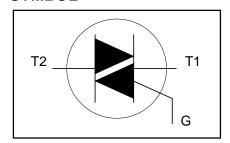
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.		MAX.		UNIT
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	-500 500 ¹	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	>
$I_{T(RMS)} \\ I_{TSM}$	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \le 102 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ full sine wave; $T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ prior to surge; with reapplied $V_{DRM(max)}$	-		8		А
		t = 20 ms	-		55 60		A
l²t dl _⊤ /dt	I ² t for fusing Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after	t = 16.7 ms t = 10 ms $I_{TM} = 12 \text{ A}; I_G = 0.2 \text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 0.2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-		60 15		A A ² s
	triggering	T2+ G+ T2+ G- T2- G- T2- G+	- - -		50 50 50 10		A/μs A/μs A/μs A/μs
I _{GM} V _{GM} P _{GM}	Peak gate current Peak gate voltage Peak gate power		- - -		2 5 5		Å V W
P _{G(AV)} T _{stg} T _j	Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	over any 20 ms period	- -40 -		0.5 150 125		ο̈́ο

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 6 A/µs.

Triacs BT137 series

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
R _{th j-mb}	Thermal resistance	full cycle	-	-	2.0	K/W
	junction to mounting base	half cycle	-	-	2.4	K/W
R _{th j-a}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	in free air	-	60	-	K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.		MAX.		UNIT
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	BT137- $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$				F	G	
		T2+ G+ T2+ G-	-	5 8	35 35	25 25	50 50	mA mA
		T2- G- T2- G+	-	11 30	35 70	25 70	50 100	mA mA
IL	Latching current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$ T2+ G+	_	7	30	30	45	mA
		T2+ G- T2- G-	-	16 5	45 30	45 30	60 45	mA mA
I _H	Holding current	T_2 - G+ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	7 5	45 20	45 20	60 40	mA mA
V_{T}	On-state voltage Gate trigger voltage	$I_T = 10 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A};$	- - 0.25	1.3 0.7 0.4		1.65 1.5		V V V
I _D	Off-state leakage current	$T_{i} = 125 ^{\circ}C$ $V_{D} = V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ}C$	-	0.1		0.5		mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_i = 25$ °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.		TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV _D /dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_i = 125 °C;$ exponential	 100	F 50	G 200	250	-	V/μs
dV _{com} /dt	Critical rate of change of commutating voltage	waveform; gate open circuit $V_{DM} = 400 \text{ V}; T_j = 95 ^{\circ}\text{C};$ $I_{T(RMS)} = 8 \text{ A};$ $dI_{com}/dt = 3.6 \text{ A/ms};$ gate	-	-	10	20	-	V/μs
t _{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	open circuit $I_{TM} = 12 \text{ A}$; $V_D = V_{DRM(max)}$; $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}$; $dI_G/dt = 5 \text{ A}/\mu \text{s}$	-	-	-	2	-	μs



Triacs BT137 series

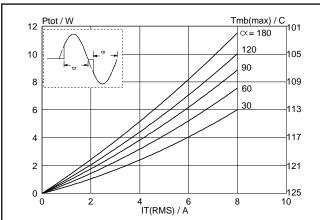


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where α = conduction angle.

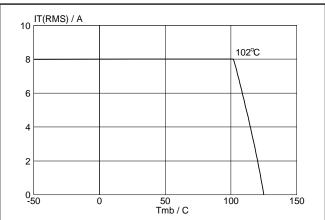


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

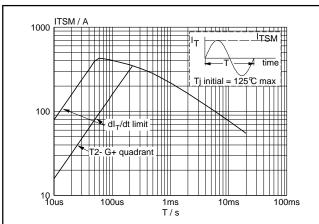


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \le 20$ ms.

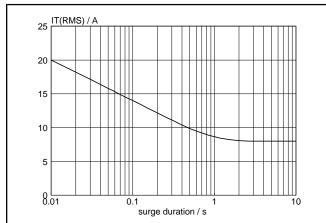


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz; $T_{mb} \le 102$ °C.

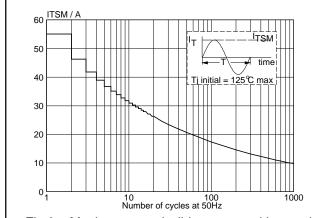


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz.

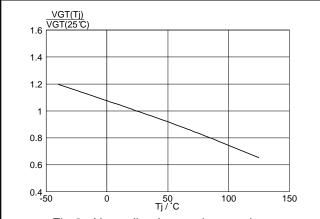
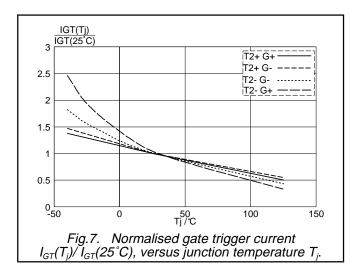
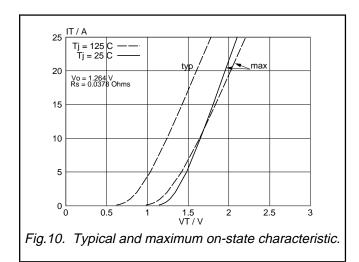
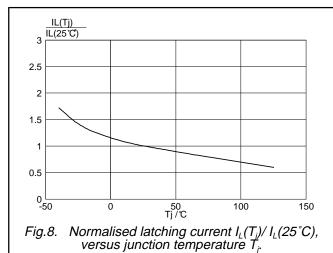


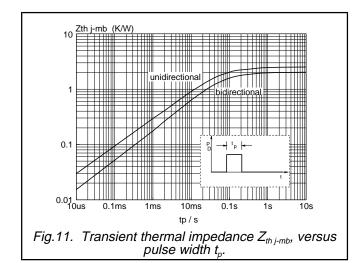
Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

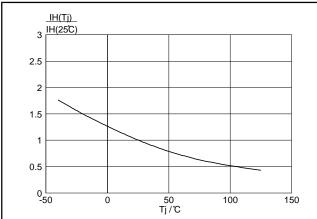
Triacs BT137 series











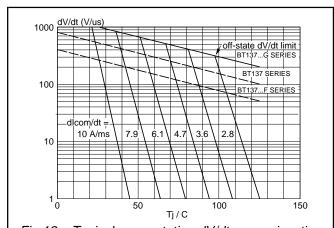
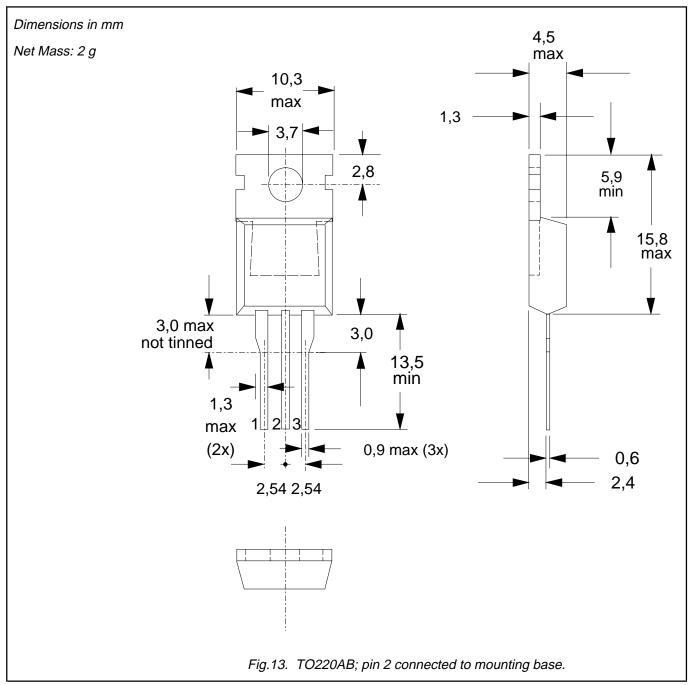


Fig.9. Normalised holding current $I_H(T_i)/I_H(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

Fig.12. Typical commutation dV/dt versus junction temperature, parameter commutation dl_{7}/dt . The triac should commutate when the dV/dt is below the value on the appropriate curve for pre-commutation dl_{7}/dt .

Triacs BT137 series

MECHANICAL DATA



- Accessories supplied on request: refer to mounting instructions for TO220 envelopes.
 Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

www.samelectrlc.ru

Triacs BT137 series

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status				
Objective specification This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.				
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.			
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.			

Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

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LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

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Triacs BT138 series

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

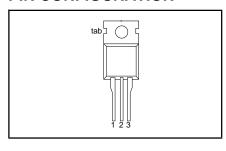
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
	BT138- BT138- BT138-	500 500F 500G	600 600F 600G	800 800F 800G	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state	500	600	800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	voltages RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	12 90	12 90	12 90	A A

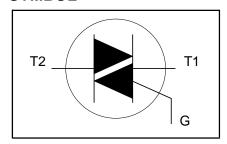
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.		MAX.		UNIT
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	-500 500 ¹	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	>
I _{T(RMS)}	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \le 99 ^{\circ}C$ full sine wave; $T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ}C$ prior to surge; with reapplied $V_{DRM(max)}$	-		12		А
		t = 20 ms	-		90		A
l ² t	I ² t for fusing	t = 16.7 ms t = 10 ms	_		100 40		A A ² s
dl _⊤ /dt	Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after	$I_{TM} = 20 \text{ A}; I_{G} = 0.2 \text{ A}; \\ dI_{G}/dt = 0.2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$					
	triggering	T2+ G+	-		50		A/μs
		T2+ G- T2- G-	-		50 50		A/μs
		T2- G- T2- G+	_		50 10		A/μs A/μs
I _{GM}	Peak gate current	12 0.	-		2		Ä
V_{GM}	Peak gate voltage		-		5 5		V
P _{GM}	Peak gate power		-				W
$\begin{bmatrix} P_{G(AV)} \\ T_{stg} \\ T_j \end{bmatrix}$	Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	over any 20 ms period	-40 -		0.5 150 125		Č C W

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 15 A/µs.

Triacs BT138 series

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{\text{th j-mb}}$ $R_{\text{th j-a}}$	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base Thermal resistance junction to ambient	full cycle half cycle in free air	1 1 1	- - 60	1.5 2.0 -	K/W K/W K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_i = 25$ °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.		MAX.		UNIT
	Gate trigger current	BT138- $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$				F	G	
I _{GT}	Gate ingger current	T2+ G+	-	5	35	25	50	mA
		T2+ G- <u>T</u> 2- G-	-	8 10	35 35	25 25	50 50	mA mA
 I _L	Latching current	T_2 - G+ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	22	70	70	100	mA
		T2+ G+ T2+ G-	-	7 20	40 60	40 60	60 90	mA mA
		T2- G- T2- G+	-	8 10	40 60	40 60	60 90	mA mA
I _H	Holding current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	6	30	30	60	mA
V_{T}	On-state voltage Gate trigger voltage	$I_T = 15 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A};$	- - 0.25	1.4 0.7 0.4		1.65 1.5		V V V
I _D	Off-state leakage current	$T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ} \text{C}$ $V_{D} = V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ} \text{C}$	-	0.1		0.5		mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.		TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV _D /dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	BT138- $V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_i = 125 ^{\circ}C;$ exponential	 100	F 50	G 200	250	-	V/μs
dV _{com} /dt	Critical rate of change of commutating voltage	waveform; gate open circuit $V_{DM} = 400 \text{ V}; T_j = 95 ^{\circ}\text{C};$ $I_{T(RMS)} = 12 \text{ A};$ $dI_{com}/dt = 5.4 \text{ A/ms};$ gate	-	-	10	20	-	V/μs
t _{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	open circuit $I_{TM} = 16 \text{ A}; V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}; dI_G/dt = 5 \text{ A}/\mu s$	-	-	-	2	-	μs



Triacs BT138 series

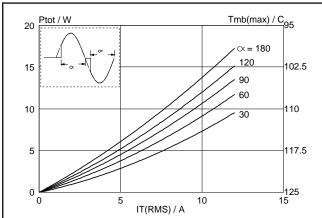


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where α = conduction angle.

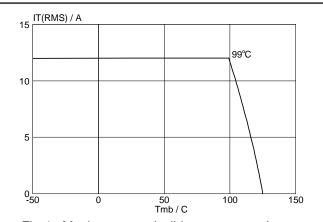


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

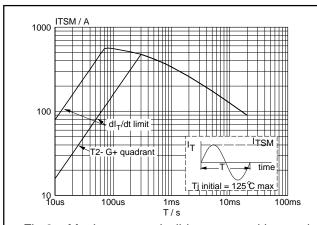


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \le 20$ ms.

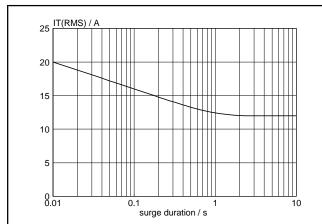


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz; $T_{mb} \le 99$ °C.

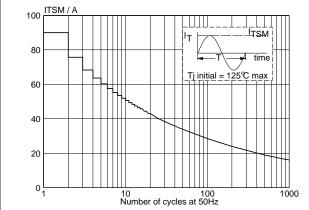


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz.

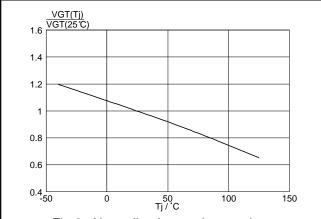
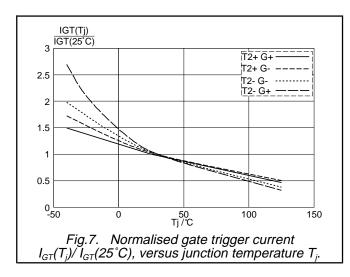
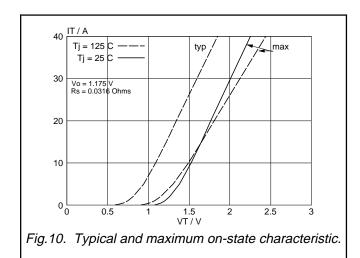
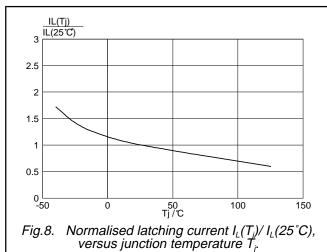


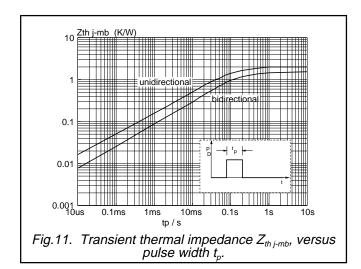
Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25\,^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

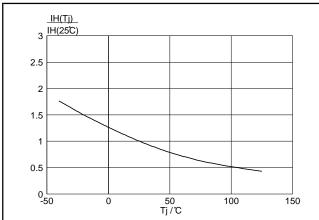
Triacs BT138 series











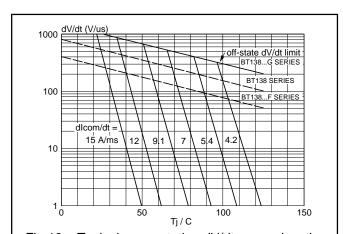
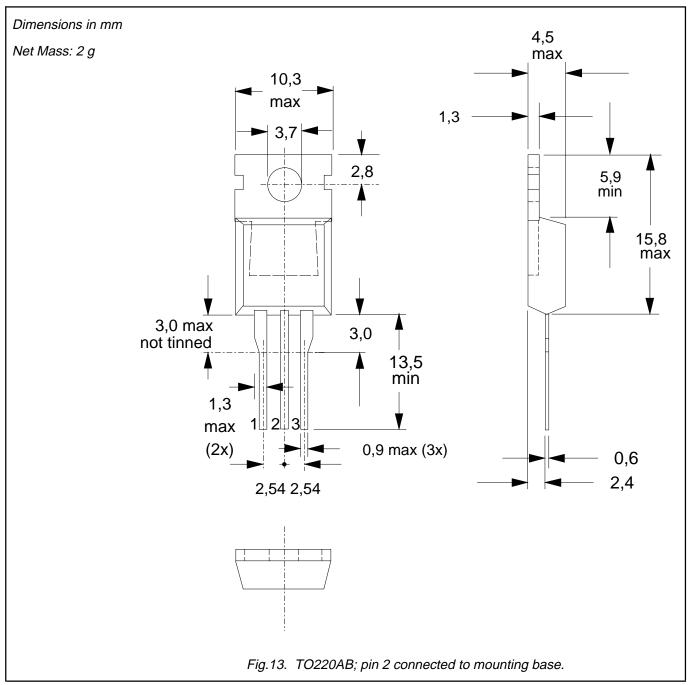


Fig.9. Normalised holding current $I_H(T_i)/I_H(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

Fig.12. Typical commutation dV/dt versus junction temperature, parameter commutation d I_7 /dt. The triac should commutate when the dV/dt is below the value on the appropriate curve for pre-commutation d I_7 /dt.

Triacs BT138 series

MECHANICAL DATA



- Accessories supplied on request: refer to mounting instructions for TO220 envelopes.
 Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

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Triacs BT138 series

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status				
Objective specification This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.				
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.			
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.			

Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

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Triacs BT139 series

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

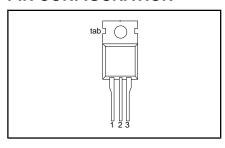
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
	BT139- BT139- BT139-	500 500F 500G	600 600F 600G	800 800F 800G	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state	500	600	800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	voltages RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	16 140	16 140	16 140	A A

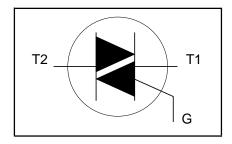
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.		MAX.		UNIT
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	-500 500 ¹	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	>
$I_{T(RMS)} \\ I_{TSM}$	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \le 99 ^{\circ}C$ full sine wave; $T_j = 125 ^{\circ}C$ prior to surge; with reapplied $V_{DRM(max)}$	-		16		А
		t = 20 ms	-		140		A
l ² t	I ² t for fusing	t = 16.7 ms t = 10 ms	_		150 98		A A ² s
dl _⊤ /dt	Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after	$I_{TM} = 20 \text{ A}; I_G = 0.2 \text{ A}; \\ dI_G/dt = 0.2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$					
	triggering	T2+ G+	-		50		A/μs
		T2+ G- T2- G-	-		50 50		A/μs
		T2- G- T2- G+	-		10		A/μs A/μs
I _{GM}	Peak gate current		-		2		Ä
V_{GM}	Peak gate voltage		-		5 5		V
P _{GM}	Peak gate power		-				W
$\begin{bmatrix} P_{G(AV)} \\ T_{stg} \\ T_j \end{bmatrix}$	Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	over any 20 ms period	-40 -		0.5 150 125		Ç W W

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 15 A/µs.

Triacs BT139 series

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
R _{th j-mb} R _{th j-a}	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base Thermal resistance junction to ambient	full cycle half cycle in free air	1 1 1	- - 60	1.2 1.7 -	K/W K/W K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_i = 25$ °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			UNIT
	Gate trigger current	BT139- $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$				F	G	
I _{GT}	Gate ingger current	T2+ G+	-	5	35	25	50	mA
		T2+ G- <u>T</u> 2- G-	-	8 10	35 35	25 25	50 50	mA mA
 I _L	Latching current	T_2 - G+ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	22	70	70	100	mA
		T2+ G+ T2+ G-	-	7 20	40 60	40 60	60 90	mA mA
		T2- G- T2- G+	-	8 10	40 60	40 60	60 90	mA mA
I _H	Holding current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	-	6	30	30	60	mA
V_{T}	On-state voltage Gate trigger voltage	$I_T = 20 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$ $V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A};$	- - 0.25	1.2 0.7 0.4		1.6 1.5		V V V
I _D	Off-state leakage current	$T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ} \text{C}$ $V_{D} = V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_{j} = 125 ^{\circ} \text{C}$	-	0.1		0.5		mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.		TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV _D /dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	BT139- $V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)};$ $T_i = 125 ^{\circ}C;$ exponential	 100	F 50	G 200	250	-	V/μs
dV _{com} /dt	Critical rate of change of commutating voltage	waveform; gate open circuit $V_{DM} = 400 \text{ V}; T_j = 95 ^{\circ}\text{C};$ $I_{T(RMS)} = 16 \text{ A};$ $dI_{com}/dt = 7.2 \text{ A/ms};$ gate	-	-	10	20	-	V/μs
t _{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	open circuit $I_{TM} = 20 \text{ A}$; $V_D = V_{DRM(max)}$; $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}$; $dI_G/dt = 5 \text{ A}/\mu \text{s}$	-	-	-	2	-	μs



Triacs BT139 series

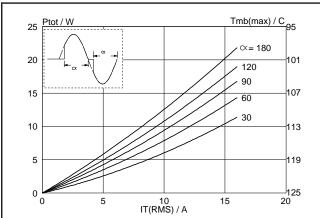


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where α = conduction angle.

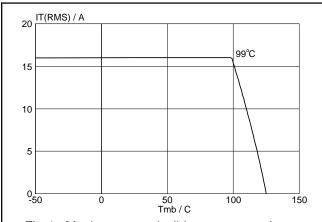


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

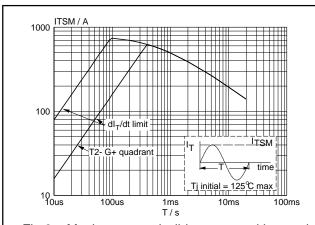


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \le 20$ ms.

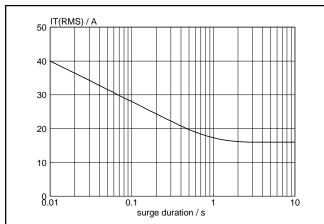


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz; $T_{mb} \le 99$ °C.

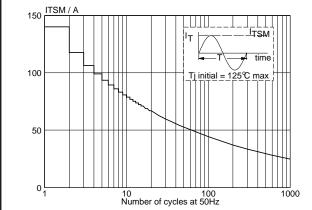


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz.

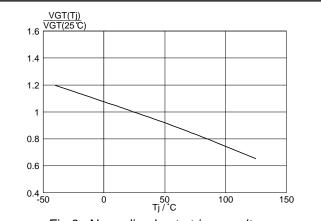
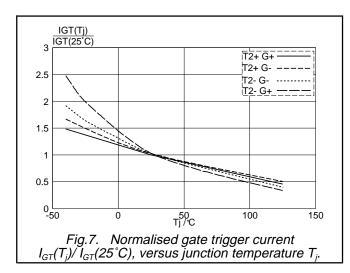
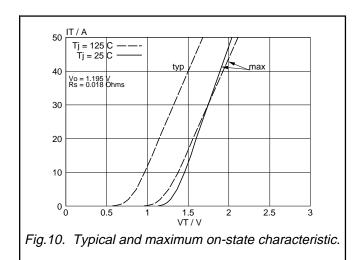
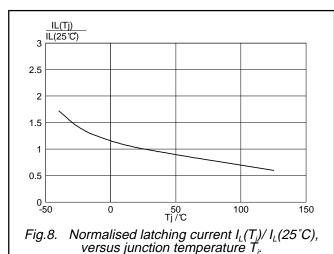


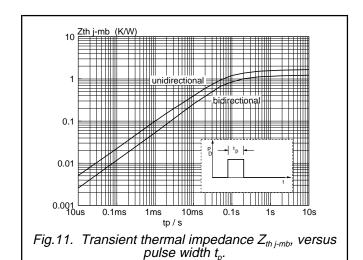
Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25\,^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

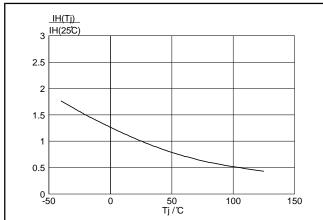
Triacs BT139 series











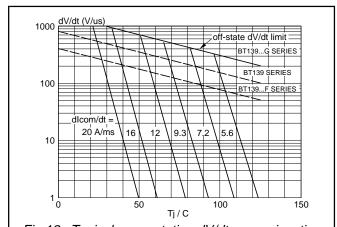
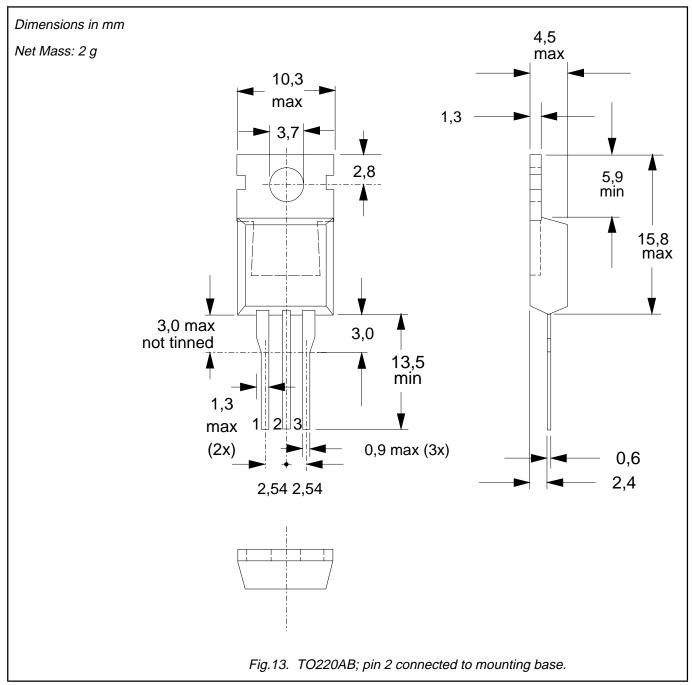


Fig.9. Normalised holding current $I_H(T_i)/I_H(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_j .

Fig.12. Typical commutation dV/dt versus junction temperature, parameter commutation dl_{7}/dt . The triac should commutate when the dV/dt is below the value on the appropriate curve for pre-commutation dl_{7}/dt .

Triacs BT139 series

MECHANICAL DATA



- Accessories supplied on request: refer to mounting instructions for TO220 envelopes.
 Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

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Triacs BT139 series

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status					
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.				
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.				
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Limiting values

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Application information

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